June 23, 2005

Mr. Brad Norton Assistant City Attorney City of Austin Law Department P. O. Box 1088 Austin, Texas 78767-8845

OR2005-05575

Dear Mr. Norton:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 226764.

The City of Austin (the "city") received a request for a named city employee's correspondence related to certain matters, cellular telephone records, office telephone records, and day calendars, each covering the time period from January 1, 2005 to April 11, 2005. You inform us that the city does not maintain the requested cellular telephone records because the telephone is the employee's personal cellular telephone and the bills are sent directly to his home. We note that the Act does not require a governmental body to take affirmative steps to create or obtain information that is not in its possession, so long as no other individual or entity holds the information on behalf of the governmental body that received the request. See Gov't Code § 552.002(a); Open Records Decision Nos. 534 at 2-3 (1989), 518 at 3 (1989). A governmental body need only make a good-faith effort to relate a request to information that is within its possession or control. See Open Records Decision No. 561 at 8-9 (1990). You claim that portions of the submitted information are excepted from disclosure under sections 552.117 and 552.137 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.<sup>1</sup>

Initially, we note that you have not submitted information relating to the named employee's day calendars. To the extent any such responsive information existed at the time the city

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

received this request for information, we assume it has been released to the requestor. If not, the city must release such information at this time. See Gov't Code §§ 552.006, .301, .302; Open Records Decision No. 664 (2000) (concluding that section 552.221(a) requires that information not excepted from disclosure must be released as soon as possible under the circumstances).

We now address your claim under section 552.117 of the Government Code. Section 552.117(a)(1) excepts from disclosure the home addresses and telephone numbers, social security numbers, and family member information of current or former officials or employees of a governmental body who timely elect to keep this information confidential pursuant to section 552.024. Gov't Code § 552.117(a)(1). Whether a particular piece of information is protected by section 552.117(a)(1) must be determined at the time the request for it is received by the governmental body. See Open Records Decision No. 530 at 5 (1989). Therefore, the city may only withhold information under section 552.117(a)(1) on behalf of current or former officials or employees who made a request for confidentiality under section 552.024 prior to the date on which the request for this information was made. You inform us that the telephone numbers you have marked are home telephone numbers of city employees who elected to keep their personal information confidential. To the extent these employees made the election for confidentiality prior to the date on which the instant request for the information was made, we find that the city must withhold these home telephone numbers pursuant to section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code.

Next, you claim that some of the e-mail addresses in the submitted documents are subject to section 552.137 of the Government Code. This section excepts from disclosure "an e-mail address of a member of the public that is provided for the purpose of communicating electronically with a governmental body" unless the member of the public consents to its release or the e-mail address is of a type specifically excluded by subsection (c). See Gov't Code § 552.137(a)-(c). Section 552.137 does not apply to a government employee's work e-mail address because such an address is not that of the employee as a "member of the public," but is instead the address of the individual as a government employee. We also note that this section does not apply to the general e-mail or web address of an organization or company. The e-mail addresses at issue do not appear to be of a type specifically excluded by section 552.137(c). We have indicated in the submitted documents the e-mail addresses that must be withheld under section 552.137 unless their owners have affirmatively consented to their release. See Gov't Code § 552.137(b).

In summary, the city must withhold the home telephone numbers of employees who made a timely election for confidentiality pursuant to section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code. The e-mail addresses we have marked must be withheld under section 552.137 of the Government Code unless their owners have affirmatively consented to their release. The remaining submitted information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Robert B. Rapfogel

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

RBR/krl

## Mr. Brad Norton - Page 4

Ref: ID# 226764

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Sal Costello

10300 Dalea Vista Court Austin, Texas 78738 (w/o enclosures)